



2018 Bond Sales and Defeasance

April 12, 2018

Anticipated 2018 New Money Bond Issuances

Estimated Timeline

April 16 - Council considers authorization of issuances

April 18 - Staff conducts rating agency calls

May 15 - New money bonds are priced

June 4 – City closes on new money bonds

New Bond Issuance Overview

- Mesa voters authorize bonds to finance capital infrastructure
- The City's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) is funded primarily with bonds
- The need to sell (issue) additional bonds is evaluated on an annual basis
- Amounts issued are sufficient to reimburse calendar year-to-date spending and fund the projected need for the remainder of the year
- The structure of new bonds is incorporated into existing debt to maintain consistent debt service and smooth utility rate adjustments

Anticipated 2018 New Money Bond Issues

New Money General Obligation Bond Issuance (\$16M) (Parks, Streets)

New Money Utility Revenue Bond Issuance (\$125M)

(Water, Wastewater, Natural Gas, Electric, Solid Waste)

2018 General Obligation Bond

Issuance: \$16,120,000

Purpose	Authorization Year(s)	Available Proposed Sale Authorization Series 2018		Remaining Authorization		
Parks	2012	\$	16,500,000	\$ 11,585,000	\$	4,915,000
Streets	2013	\$	34,485,000	\$ 4,535,000	\$	29,950,000
G.O. Bond Total		\$	50,985,000	\$ 16,120,000	\$	34,865,000

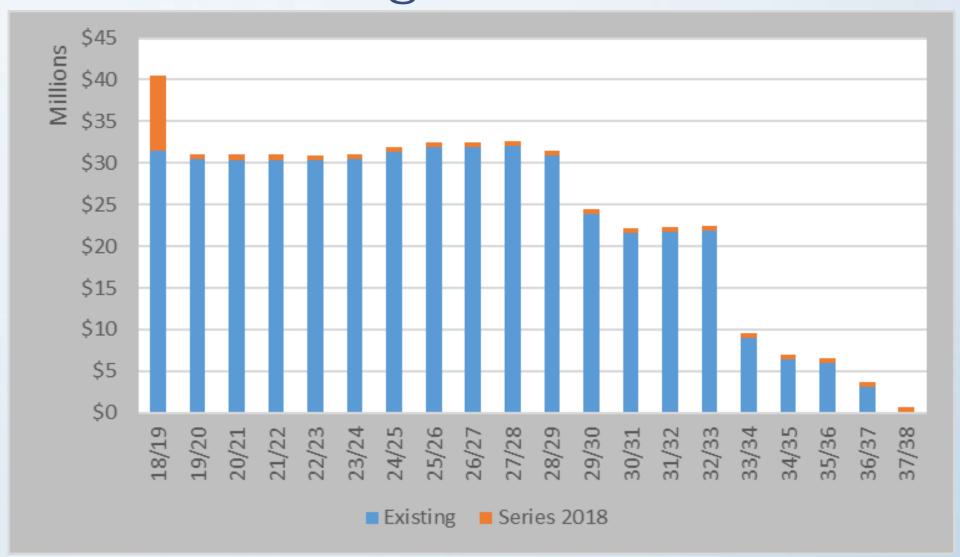
Project Examples:

Eagles Park

Mesa Drive - Phase II

Elliot Road - Technology Corridor

General Obligation Bond Debt Service



2018 Utility Systems Revenue Bond

Issuance: \$124,875,000

Durnoso	Authorization		Available	Pr	oposed Sale		Remaining
Purpose	Year(s) Authorization Series 2018		Series 2018	Authorization			
Electric	2014	\$	24,190,000	\$	3,010,000	\$	21,180,000
Natural Gas	2010, 2014	\$	60,975,000	\$	5,015,000	\$	55,960,000
Solid Waste	1994	\$	3,570,000	\$	1,505,000	\$	2,065,000
Wastewater	2014	\$	162,262,788	\$	30,090,000	\$	132,172,788
Water	2014	\$	156,620,402	\$	85,255,000	\$	71,365,402
Utility Bond Total		\$	407,618,190	\$	124,875,000	\$	282,743,190

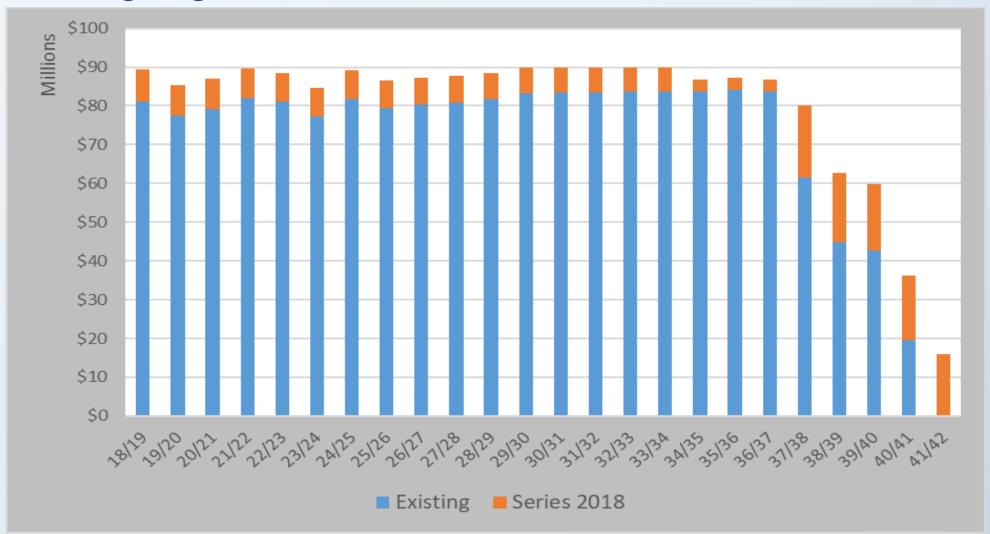
Project Examples:

Signal Butte Water Treatment Plant

Greenfield Wastewater Reclamation Plant Expansion

Solid Waste Household Hazardous Waste Facility

Utility Systems Revenue Bond Debt Service



Anticipated 2018 Bond Defeasance

Defease – to eliminate debt by setting aside the amount of cash that, along with interest earnings, exactly pays for the debt service when the bonds reach the due/call date

<u>2018 Defeasance</u> – Early redemption of \$15.2 million of utility systems revenue bond principal with development fee revenue

Advantages of defeasance:

- City removes defeased debt from financial statements
- City earns a slightly higher investment return





Municipal Bonds

Loans made to the City by investors (typically 20-25 years) to fund capital improvement projects

 Interest paid on municipal and state bonds is typically exempt from federal income tax

Issuing municipal bonds is similar to taking out a home mortgage to build or buy a house

Primary Types of Bonds

- General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds Bonds used to finance general governmental (e.g., public safety, park, streets) infrastructure. The City pledges its full faith and credit to guarantee repayment of the bonds by any means necessary.
- Utility Systems Revenue Bonds Bonds used to finance utility infrastructure. The City's utility systems revenue is pledged to repay the bonds.

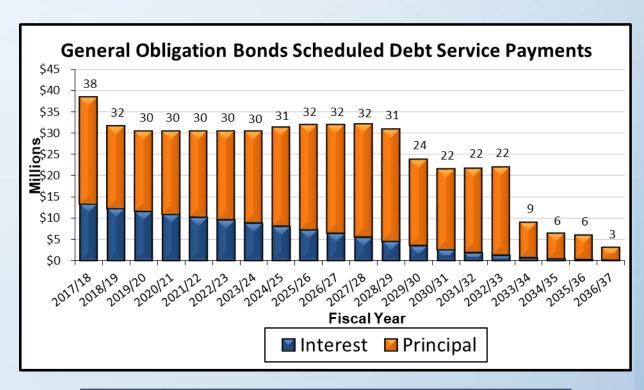
Current Debt Portfolio (as of 4/1/18)

Debt Type	Principal (\$M)
Utility Systems Revenue Bonds	\$1,162
General Obligation Bonds	375
HURF (Streets) Bonds	85
Excise Tax Revenue Obligations	49
Eastmark No. 1 CFD Bonds	29
State Water Loans	2
Cadence CFD Bonds	0

Existing General Obligation Bonds

Debt service is paid primarily from the City's secondary property tax levy.

Election Year	Authorization	Authorized but Unissued
1987	\$153,310,000	\$213,000
1996	168,800,000	15,094,000
2004	96,100,000	27,199,000
2012	70,000,000	16,500,000
2013	130,800,000	34,845,000



Туре	Outstanding	Moody's	S&P's
	Principal	Rating	Rating
General Obligation	\$374,755,000	Aa2	AA-

General Obligation Bond Debt Limit

- Per Arizona Constitution,
 - Outstanding GO debt for <u>water</u>, <u>wastewater</u>, <u>artificial light</u>, <u>parks and recreational</u> <u>facilities</u>, <u>public safety</u>, <u>and transportation</u> may not exceed **20%** of a city's net assessed valuation, and
 - Outstanding GO debt for general municipal purposes may not exceed an additional
 6% of a city's net assessed valuation.

General Obligation Bonds – Debt Limit (FY 2017-18)						
Debt Category	20%	6%	Total			
Constitutional Limitation	\$797,660,798	\$239,298,239	\$1,036,959,038			
Bonds Outstanding	373,908,604	846,397	374,755,000			
G.O. Debt Capacity Used			36%			
Borrowing Capacity Remaining	\$423,752,195	\$238,451,843	\$662,204,038			

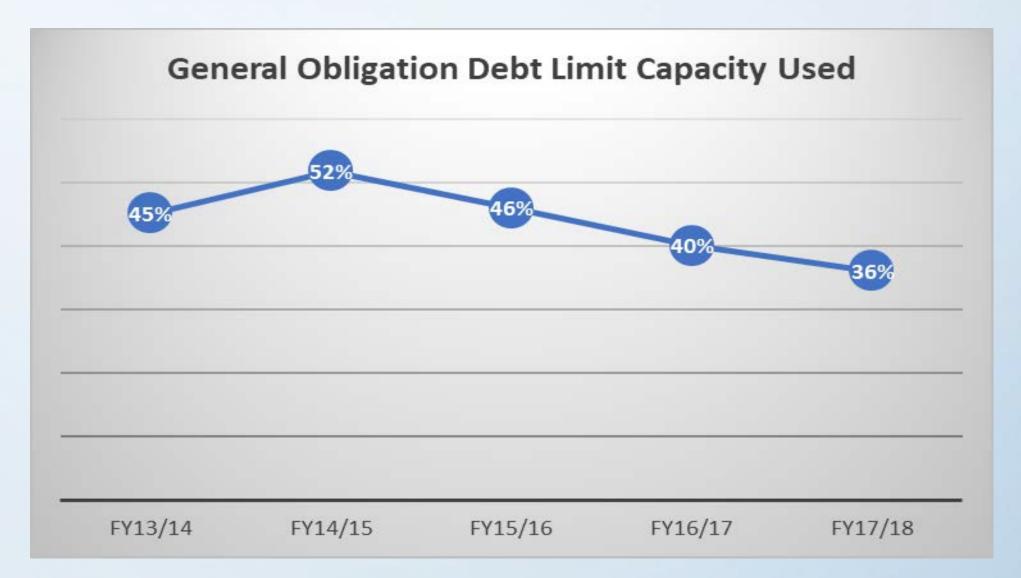
Comparing G.O. Bond Debt

	Population*	C	Outstanding G.O. Bond Debt**	D. Bond Debt er Resident
Glendale	239,858	\$	120,000,000	\$ 500
Gilbert	246,423	\$	143,945,000	\$ 584
Phoenix	1,579,253	\$	1,201,405,000	\$ 761
Mesa	481,275	\$	374,755,000	\$ 779
Chandler	257,948	\$	270,255,000	\$ 1,048
Tempe	179,794	\$	366,390,000	\$ 2,038
Scottsdale	242,540	\$	547,295,000	\$ 2,257

^{*}Source: Maricopa Association of Governments estimate as of July 1, 2017

^{**}Source: Openbooks.az.gov Report of Long Term Debt as of June 30, 2017

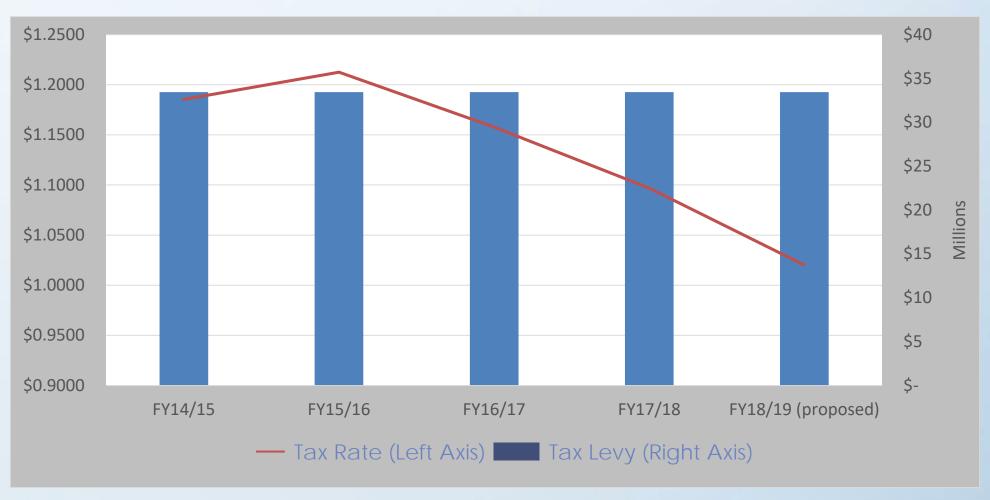
General Obligation Legal Debt Capacity



General Obligation Debt Per Capita



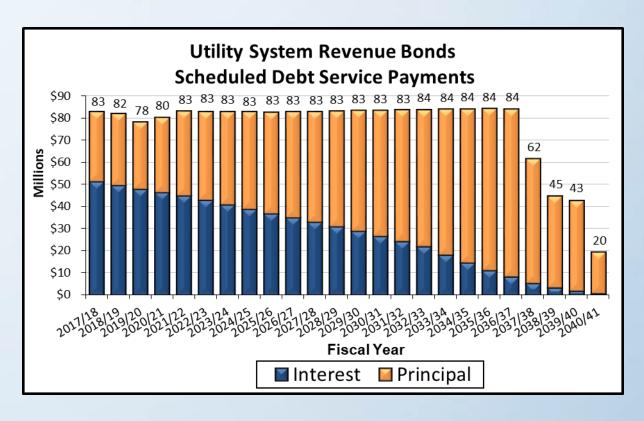
Property Tax Levy and Rate Past 5 Years



Existing Utility Systems Revenue Bonds

Debt service is secured and paid for by utility systems revenue.

Election Year	Authorization	Authorized but Unissued
1994	\$46,000,000	\$3,570,000
2010	202,100,000	1,875,000
2014	580,000,000	402,173,190



Туре	Outstanding	Moody's	S&P's
	Principal	Rating	Rating
Utility System	\$1,161,755,000	Aa2	AA-

Utility Systems Bond Debt Per Capita

